FILE: 965M USEK: (DEJ - JONN DEUIS, AI /96 PAN: 3-351577 Page 1 of 2 (2 pages, #559 in search list).

> USE/ADVANTAGE L(2-A4, 2-G1) moulds. filler material with Ilq., water contg. wetting agent, mixing with stone forming component, pouring into mould and thermally Low density inorganic moulding prodn. - by wetting microporous *WO 9321126-A1 HUTR 92.04.1 92.10.31 92DE-4236855 (+92DE-4212229) (93.10.28) C04B 28/00, 28/26 (C04B 14:10, 14:18, 18:08, 18:14, 28/00, 22:00, 18:10) (C04B 14:18, 28/26, C06B 14:10) 2 HUELS TROISDORF AG 93-351577/44

hardening (Ger)
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C93-156006 N(AT AU BB BG BR CA CH CZ DE DK ES FIGB HU JP KP KR
KZ LK LU MG MN MW NL NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SK UA US VN) R(AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL OA PT SE

Addnl. Data: HAACK T, RANDEL P
WILLICH DAEAMMSTOFFE & ISOLIERSYSTEME GMB (WILL-)
93.04.13 93WO-EP00900

Method of producing a light, mainly inorganic moulding with a density below 400 kg/m³ consists of wetting a microporous filler material of powder density below 160 kg/m³ with a liquid, water-containing wetting agent; mixing with a stone-forming component and optionally other solid components together with a liquid hardener so that the filler material retains its macrostructure; pouring into a mould; and press forming followed by removal and thermal hardening.

Making chimneys and chimney parts using steel tubular

The moulding has a high temp. strength, good alternating temp. strength, low thermal conductivity and has low shrinkage at high temperature.

EMBODIMENTS

The stone-forming component consists of: (1) a fine oxide mixture of amorphous SiO₂ and Al₂O₃; and/or (2) a glass-like, amorphous electrofilter ash; and/or

(3) ground calcined bauxite; and/or

(4) electrofilter ash from lignite coal fire power stations; and/or

(5) undissolved, amorphous SiO₂, esp. from an amorphous, dispersed powder, dehydrated or hydrated silicic acid; and/or

(6) meta kaolin.

The hardener is an alkali silicate solution with 1.2-3 mol SiO₂ per mol K₂O and/or Na₂O and a density of 1.4-1.7

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A surfactant and a turbity agent may also be added to the mixture. The latter is pref. a vegetable ash such as The filler material is pref. expanded vermiculite and/or pearlite. rice shell ash.

The mixture is pressed in a mould to reduce the volume to 20-80, pref. 30-50% of the starting volume using a pressure of 1-4 bar.

The mould is preheated to 40-250, pref. 100-170°C and after pressing is removed from the mould within 3 min. It; is then hardened at 40-300, pref. 100-200°C. (19pp1678KGDwgNo0/1).

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